Version 1.0: 0706

ASSESSMENT and QUALIFICATIONS ALLIANCE

General Certificate of Education

Mathematics 6360

MD01 Decision 1

Mark Scheme

2006 examination – June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Key To Mark Scheme And Abbreviations Used In Marking

M	mark is for method
m or dM	mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method
A	mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy
B	mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy
E	mark is for explanation

√or ft or F	follow through from previous incorrect result	MC	mis-copy
CAO	correct answer only	MR	mis-read
CSO	correct solution only	RA	required accuracy
AWFW	anything which falls within	FW	further work
AWRT	anything which rounds to	ISW	ignore subsequent work
ACF	any correct form	FIW	from incorrect work
AG	answer given	BOD	given benefit of doubt
SC	special case	WR	work replaced by candidate
OE	or equivalent	FB	formulae book
A2,1	2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks	NOS	not on scheme
–*x* EE	deduct *x* marks for each error	G	graph
NMS	no method shown	c	candidate
PI	possibly implied	sf	significant figure(s)
SCA	substantially correct approach	dp	decimal place(s)

No Method Shown

Where the question specifically requires a particular method to be used, we must usually see evidence of use of this method for any marks to be awarded. However, there are situations in some units where part marks would be appropriate, particularly when similar techniques are involved. Your Principal Examiner will alert you to these and details will be provided on the mark scheme.

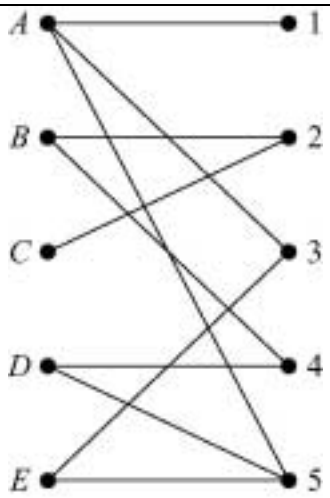
Where the answer can be reasonably obtained without showing working and it is very unlikely that the correct answer can be obtained by using an incorrect method, we must award **full marks**. However, the obvious penalty to candidates showing no working is that incorrect answers, however close, earn **no marks**.

Where a question asks the candidate to state or write down a result, no method need be shown for full marks.

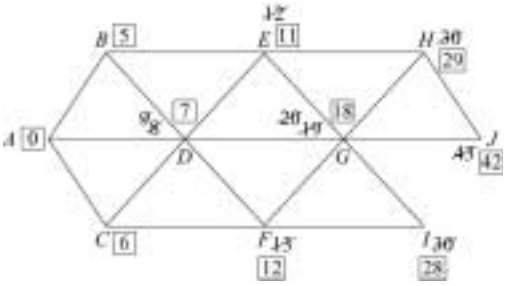
Where the permitted calculator has functions which reasonably allow the solution of the question directly, the correct answer without working earns **full marks**, unless it is given to less than the degree of accuracy accepted in the mark scheme, when it gains **no marks**.

Otherwise we require evidence of a correct method for any marks to be awarded.

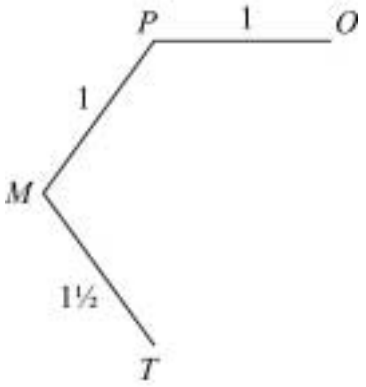
MD01

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
1(a)		M1 A1	2	
(b)	Initial A3, B4, C2, E5	B1		Starting from D,1
	D – 4 + B – 2 + C	M1		Either
	No			
	D – 5 + E – 3 + A – 1	A1		
	Yes			
	Complete			
	A1, B4, C2, D5, E3	B1	4	Only solution
	Total		**6**	
(2)(a)	18 2 12 7 26 19 16 24	M1		Shuttle SCA
	2 18 12 7 26 19 16 24	A1		1st Pass
	2 12 18 7 26 19 16 24			
	2 7 12 18 26 19 16 24	A1		3rd Pass
	2 7 12 18 26 19 16 24	A1		4th Pass
	2 7 12 18 19 26 16 24			
	2 7 12 16 18 19 26 24			
	2 7 12 16 18 19 24 26	A1	5	
				All correct
(b)	Pass C S			
	1 1 1	B1		SC All C correct B1
	2 2 1	B1		or all S correct B1
	3 3 2	B1	3	or 6,4 scores B1
	Total		**8**	

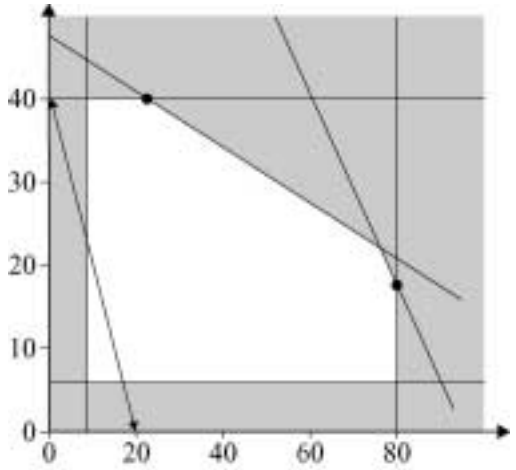
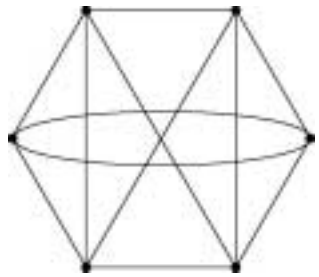
MD01 (cont)

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
3(a)(i)	*AB* 5 *BD* 3 *DC* 1 *DE* 4 *DF* 5 *FG* 6 *GI* 10 *GH* 11 *HJ* 13	M1 B1	 5	SCA 9 edges *DC* 3rd *DE* 4th All correct
(ii)	58	B1	1	
(b)(i)		M1 M1 A1 M1 A1 B1	 6	SCA 3 values at *D* All correct at *D* 3 values at *G* All correct 42 at *J* – or in script
(ii)	$28 + x < 42$ O.E. $x < 14$ ISW	M1 A1	 2	Allow ≤ SC $x \leq 13$ B1
	Total		**14**	
4(a)	A, C, D, F odd nodes AC + DF = 18 + 22 = 40 AD + CF = 32 + 30 = 62 AF + CD = 12 + 30 = 42 Repeat AC + DF Total 164 + 40 = 204	B1 M1 A2,1,0 B1 B1	 6	May be implied May be implied
(b)	Start/finish A/C ∴ Repeat DF Total 164 + 22 =186	 B1 B1	 2	 Or subtract AC
(c)(i)	Shortest pair AF Distance = 164 +12 = 176	B1 B1	 2	
(ii)	Start/Finish at C/D	B1	1	May be listed in a route
	Total		**11**	

MD01 (cont)

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
5(a)(i)	7	B1	1	
(ii)	7	B1	1	
(b)(i)	Missing values			
	(PF 3) any 2 values correct	B1		
	$\left(\text{OT } 3\frac{1}{4}\right)$ other 2 values correct	B1	2	
(ii)	FTPOMF			
	$=8\frac{1}{4}$ ISW	B1	1	
(iii)	FTMPOF	M1		Tour
		M1		Visits all vertices
		A1		Correct order
	$=7$	B1	4	
(iv)	Delete F			
		M1 A1 A1		MST – letters or numbers 3 edges Correct
	Add $1\frac{1}{4}+2$	m1		Adding 2 edges from F
	$=6\frac{3}{4}$	A1	5	SC $6\frac{3}{4}$ with no working $2/5$
	Total		**14**	

MD01 (cont)

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
6(a)	$10 \le x \le 80$	B1		Strict inequalities –1 (or using p, c)
	$5 \le y \le 40$	B1		
	$x + y \le 100$	B1		
	$20x + 60y \le 3000$ OE	B1		
	$(\text{maximise})(\text{P} =)\ 2x + y$	B1	5	May be seen in (b) or (c)
(b)		B1		For "x lines" and "y lines"
		M1A1		For each other line M1– ve gradient $(0,50)$
		M1A1		M1 – ve gradient $(100,0)$
		B1		Feasible region correct to within 1 square
		B1	7	Objective line
(c)	Max at $(80,20)$	M1		Considering an extreme point in their region
	P = £180	A1	2	
(d)	$\text{P} = x + 4y$			
	Max at (30, 40)	M1		Using (30,40) $(\pm \text{square})$
	P = £190	A1	2	
	Total		**16**	
7(a)(i)	$m - 1$	B1	1	
(ii)	$n \ge m - 1$	B2	2	B1 for $>$ or $(n > m)$ OE
(b)	$m\,(= n)$	B1	1	
(c)		M1		$m = 6$ and eulerian
		A1	2	All correct
	Total		**6**	
	TOTAL		**75**	